WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2017 REGULAR SESSION

ENROLLED

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 398

SENATORS TAKUBO, STOLLINGS, UNGER

AND MARONEY, original sponsors

[Passed April 5, 2017; in effect 90 days from passage]

- 1 AN ACT to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, 2 designated §29-30-1, §29-30-2, §29-30-3, §29-30-4, §29-30-5, §29-30-6, §29-30-7, §29-30-8, §29-30-9, §29-30-10 and §29-30-11, all relating to creating the Emergency 3 4 Volunteer Health Practitioners Act; defining terms; providing for applicability of the article; 5 regulating the practice of volunteer health practitioners during an emergency; creating a 6 registration system; permitting volunteer health practitioners who are registered with a 7 registration system and licensed and in good standing in the state upon which the 8 practitioner's registration is based to practice in this state to the extent authorized by the 9 article as if the practitioner were licensed in this state while an emergency declaration is 10 in effect; providing that the provisions of this article do not affect credentialing or privileging 11 standards of a health facility and do not preclude a health facility from waiving or modifying 12 those standards while an emergency declaration is in effect; providing for sanctions; 13 providing for relation to other laws; providing for limitation of liability; and providing for 14 rulemaking by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources.
 - Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

 1
 That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new

 2
 article, designated §29-30-1, §29-30-2, §29-30-3, §29-30-4, §29-30-5, §29-30-6, §29-30-7, §29

3 30-8, §29-30-9, §29-30-10 and §29-30-11, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 30. EMERGENCY VOLUNTEER HEALTH PRACTITIONERS ACT.

§29-30-1. Short title.

1 This article shall be cited as the Emergency Volunteer Health Practitioners Act.

§29-30-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following words have the following meaning:
- 2 (a) "Credentialing" means obtaining, verifying and assessing the qualifications of a health
- 3 practitioner to provide treatment, care or services in or for a health facility.

4 (b) "Disaster relief organization" means an entity that provides emergency or disaster relief
5 services that include health or veterinary services provided by volunteer health practitioners and
6 that:

7 (1) Is designated or recognized as a provider of those services pursuant to a disaster
8 response and recovery plan adopted by an agency of the federal government or by the Governor
9 of this state; or

(2) Regularly plans and conducts its activities in coordination with an agency of the federal
government or any agency designated by the Governor.

(c) "Emergency" means an event or condition that is an emergency, disaster or public
health emergency pursuant to a declaration of the Governor or any agency designated by the
Governor.

(d) "Emergency declaration" means a declaration of emergency issued by the Governoror his or her designee pursuant to the laws of this state.

(e) "Emergency Management Assistance Compact" means the interstate compact
approved by Congress by Public Law No. 104-321,110 Stat. 3877.

19 (f) "Entity" means a person other than an individual.

20 (g) "Health facility" means an entity licensed pursuant to the laws of this or another state
21 to provide health or veterinary services.

(h) "Health practitioner" means an individual licensed pursuant to the laws of this or
another state to provide health or veterinary services. For the purposes of this article, a health
practitioner includes a physician, a physician assistant, a dentist, a dental hygienist, a pharmacist,
a pharmacy technician, a pharmacy intern, a registered professional nurse, a licensed practical
nurse, an optometrist, an osteopathic physician, a chiropractor, a physical therapist, a
psychologist, an occupational therapist and a veterinarian.

(i) "Health services" means the provision of treatment, care, advice or guidance, or other
 services or supplies, related to the health or death of individuals or human populations, to the
 extent necessary to respond to an emergency, including:

- 31 (1) The following, concerning the physical or mental condition or functional status of an32 individual or affecting the structure or function of the body:
- 33 (A) Preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance or palliative care; and

34 (B) Counseling, assessment, procedures or other services;

35 (2) Sale or dispensing of a drug, a device, equipment or another item to an individual in
 36 accordance with a prescription; and

37 (3) Funeral, cremation, cemetery or other mortuary services.

(j) "Host entity" means an entity operating in this state which uses volunteer healthpractitioners to respond to an emergency.

40 (k) "License" means authorization and licensing by an appropriate licensing board to
41 engage in health or veterinary services that are unlawful without the license. The term includes
42 authorization pursuant to the laws of this state to an individual to provide health or veterinary
43 services based upon a national certification issued by a public or private entity.

44 (I) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, trust, partnership, limited
45 liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or governmental
46 subdivision, agency or instrumentality or any other legal or commercial entity.

(m) "Privileging" means the authorizing by an appropriate authority, such as a governing
body, of a health practitioner to provide specific treatment, care or services at a health facility
subject to limits based on factors that include license, education, training, experience,
competence, health status and specialized skill.

(n) "Scope of practice" means the extent of the authorization to provide health or veterinary
services granted to a health practitioner by a license issued to the practitioner in the state in which

the principal part of the practitioner's services is rendered, including any conditions imposed bythe licensing authority.

(o) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the
United States Virgin Islands or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the
United States.

(p) "Veterinary services" means the provision of treatment, care, advice or guidance or
other services or supplies related to the health or death of an animal or to animal populations, to
the extent necessary to respond to an emergency, including:

61 (1) Diagnosis, treatment or prevention of an animal disease, injury or other physical or
62 mental condition by the prescription, administration or dispensing of a vaccine, medicine, surgery
63 or therapy;

64 (2) Use of a procedure for reproductive management; and

65 (3) Monitoring and treatment of animal populations for diseases that have spread or66 demonstrate the potential to spread to humans.

(q) "Volunteer health practitioner" means a health practitioner who provides health or veterinary services, whether or not the practitioner receives compensation for those services. The term does not include a practitioner who receives compensation pursuant to a preexisting employment relationship with a host entity or affiliate which requires the practitioner to provide health services in this state, unless the practitioner is not a resident of this state and is employed by a disaster relief organization providing services in this state while an emergency declaration is in effect.

§29-30-3. Applicability.

This article applies to volunteer health practitioners registered with a registration system
 pursuant to section five of this article and who provide health or veterinary services in this state
 for a host entity while an emergency declaration is in effect.

§29-30-4. Regulation during an emergency.

1	(a) While an emergency declaration is in effect, the Governor or his or her designee may
2	limit, restrict or otherwise regulate:
3	(1) The duration of practice by volunteer health practitioners;
4	(2) The geographical areas in which volunteer health practitioners may practice;
5	(3) The types of volunteer health practitioners who may practice; and
6	(4) Any other matters necessary to coordinate effectively the provision of health or
7	veterinary services during the emergency.
8	(b) An order issued pursuant to this section may take effect immediately.
9	(c) A host entity that uses volunteer health practitioners to provide health or veterinary
10	services in this state shall:
11	(1) Consult and coordinate its activities with the Governor or his or her designee to the
12	extent practicable to provide for the efficient and effective use of volunteer health practitioners;
13	and
14	(2) Comply with any laws of this state relating to the management of emergency health or
15	veterinary services.
	§29-30-5. Volunteer health practitioner registration system.
1	(a) To qualify as a volunteer health practitioner registration system, a system must:
2	(1) Accept applications for the registration of volunteer health practitioners before or during
3	an emergency;
4	(2) Include information about the licensure and good standing of health practitioners which
5	is accessible by authorized persons;
6	(3) Be capable of confirming the accuracy of information concerning whether a health
7	practitioner is licensed and in good standing before health services or veterinary services are
8	provided pursuant to this article; and
9	(4) Meet one of the following conditions:

(A) Be an emergency system for advance registration of volunteer health care practitioners
established by a state and funded through the Department of Health and Human Services
pursuant to Section 319I of the Public Health Services Act, 42 U. S. C. Section 247d-7b, as
amended;

(B) Be a local unit consisting of trained and equipped emergency response, public health,
and medical personnel formed pursuant to Section 2801 of the Public Health Services Act, 42
U.S.C. Section 300hh as amended;

17 (C) Be operated by a:

18 (i) Disaster relief organization;

19 (ii) Licensing board;

20 (iii) National or regional association of licensing boards or health practitioners;

(iv) Health facility that provides comprehensive inpatient and outpatient health care
 services, including a tertiary care and teaching hospital; or

23 (v) Governmental entity; or

(D) Be designated by the Governor or his or her designee as a registration system forpurposes of this article.

(b) While an emergency declaration is in effect, the Governor or his or her designee or a
host entity, may confirm whether volunteer health practitioners utilized in this state are registered
with a registration system that complies with this article. Confirmation is limited to obtaining
identities of the practitioners from the system and determining whether the system indicates that
the practitioners are licensed and in good standing.

(c) Upon request of a person in this state authorized pursuant to this article, or a similarly
 authorized person in another state, a registration system located in this state shall notify the
 person of the identities of volunteer health practitioners and whether the practitioners are licensed
 and in good standing.

35 (d) A host entity is not required to use the services of a volunteer health practitioner even
36 if the practitioner is registered with a registration system that indicates that the practitioner is
37 licensed and in good standing.

§29-30-6. Recognition of volunteer health practitioners licensed in other states.

(a) While an emergency declaration is in effect, a volunteer health practitioner, registered
 with a registration system pursuant to this article and licensed and in good standing in the state
 upon which the practitioner's registration is based, may practice in this state to the extent
 authorized by this article as if the practitioner were licensed in this state.

5 (b) A volunteer health practitioner qualified pursuant to this article is not entitled to the 6 protections of this article if the practitioner is licensed in more than one state and any license of 7 the practitioner is suspended, revoked or subject to an agency order limiting or restricting practice 8 privileges, or has been voluntarily terminated under threat of sanction.

§29-30-7. Credentialing and privileging.

The provisions of this article do not affect credentialing or privileging standards of a health
 facility and does not preclude a health facility from waiving or modifying those standards while an
 emergency declaration is in effect.

§29-30-8. Administrative sanctions.

(a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c) of this section, a volunteer health practitioner shall
 adhere to the scope of practice for a similarly licensed practitioner established by the licensing
 provisions, practice acts or other laws of this state.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this section, this section does not
authorize a volunteer health practitioner to provide services that are outside the practitioner's
scope of practice, even if a similarly licensed practitioner in this state would be permitted to
provide the services.

8 (c) The State Health Officer at the West Virginia Department of Health and Human 9 Resources may modify or restrict the health or veterinary services that volunteer health

practitioners may provide pursuant to this article. An order issued pursuant to this section takeseffect immediately.

12 (d) A host entity may restrict the health or veterinary services that a volunteer health13 practitioner may provide pursuant to this article.

(e) A volunteer health practitioner does not engage in unauthorized practice unless the
practitioner has reason to know of any limitation, modification or restriction under this section or
that a similarly licensed practitioner in this state would not be permitted to provide the services. A
volunteer health practitioner has reason to know of a limitation, modification or restriction or that
a similarly licensed practitioner in this state would not be permitted to provide a service if:

(1) The practitioner knows the limitation, modification or restriction exists or that a similarly
licensed practitioner in this state would not be permitted to provide the service; or

(2) From all the facts and circumstances known to the practitioner at the relevant time, a
 reasonable person would conclude that the limitation, modification or restriction exists or that a
 similarly licensed practitioner in this state would not be permitted to provide the service.

(f) In addition to the authority granted by law of this state other than this to regulate the
 conduct of health practitioners, a licensing board or other disciplinary authority in this state:

(1) May impose administrative sanctions upon a health practitioner licensed in this state
 for conduct outside of this state in response to an out-of-state emergency;

(2) May impose administrative sanctions upon a practitioner not licensed in this state for
 conduct in this state in response to an in-state emergency; and

30 (3) Shall report any administrative sanctions imposed upon a practitioner licensed in
31 another state to the appropriate licensing board or other disciplinary authority in any other state
32 in which the practitioner is known to be licensed.

(g) In determining whether to impose administrative sanctions under subsection (f) of this
 section, a licensing board or other disciplinary authority shall consider the circumstances in which

the conduct took place, including any exigent circumstances, and the practitioner's scope of
 practice, education, training, experience and specialized skill.

§29-30-9. Relation to other laws.

(a) Nothing contained in this article limits rights, privileges or immunities provided to
 volunteer health practitioners by laws other than this article. Except as otherwise provided in
 subsection (b) of this section, this article does not affect requirements for the use of health
 practitioners pursuant to the Emergency Management Assistance Compact.

5 (b) The West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources, pursuant to the 6 Emergency Management Assistance Compact, may incorporate into the emergency forces of this 7 state volunteer health practitioners who are not officers or employees of this state, a political 8 subdivision of this state or a municipality or other local government within this state.

§29-30-10. Limitation of liability.

(a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, a volunteer health practitioner who provides
 health or veterinary services pursuant to this article is not liable for damages for an act or omission
 of the practitioner in providing those services unless the act or omission is an intentional tort or is
 willful misconduct or wanton, grossly negligent, reckless or criminal conduct.

- 5 (b) This section does not limit the liability of a volunteer health practitioner for:
- 6 (1) Willful misconduct or wanton, grossly negligent, reckless or criminal conduct;
- 7 (2) An intentional tort;

8 (3) Breach of contract;

9 (4) A claim asserted by a host entity or by an entity located in this or another state which
10 employs or uses the services of the practitioner; or

(5) An act or omission relating to the operation of a motor vehicle, vessel, aircraft or other
vehicle.

(c) A person that operates, uses or relies upon information provided by a volunteer health
 practitioner registration system is not liable for damages for an act or omission relating to that

- 15 operation, use or reliance unless the act or omission is an intentional tort or is willful misconduct
- 16 or wanton, grossly negligent, reckless or criminal conduct.

§29-30-11. Rulemaking.

1 The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources may promulgate rules 2 pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of this 3 article. These rules shall include measures to facilitate the receipt of benefits for injury or death 4 pursuant to the workers' compensation laws of this state by volunteer health practitioners who 5 reside in other states. The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman, Senate Committee

Chairman, House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect 90 days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

Governor